

REPORT ON THE DISASTER RELIEF FUND 2020-21

INTRODUCTION

This report gives an account of the operation of the Disaster Relief Fund in 2020-21.

DISASTER RELIEF FUND

2. The Disaster Relief Fund (“the Fund”) was established on 1 December 1993 under the Public Finance Ordinance (“PFO”) to provide a ready mechanism for Hong Kong to respond swiftly to international appeals for humanitarian aid in relief of disasters that occur outside Hong Kong. The Fund is topped up by the Government of Hong Kong Special Administrative Region (“the HKSAR Government”) at the start of each financial year and, as necessary, during the financial year, depending on calls for relief and the size of the Fund balance and commitments.

3. As in the case of other funds set up under the PFO, the Financial Secretary has been designated as the administrator of the Fund. The Financial Secretary has further delegated the power of administering the Fund to the Director of Administration, including the authority to approve each individual disbursement not exceeding \$8 million. The approval of the Finance Committee of the Legislative Council (“LegCo”) is required for each disbursement exceeding \$8 million. The Fund is audited by the Audit Commission annually and the audited accounts are submitted to LegCo for information^[1].

4. All grants from the Fund are made on the advice of the Disaster Relief Fund Advisory Committee (“the Committee”), which is chaired by the Chief Secretary for Administration and comprises both official and non-official members. Its terms of reference include providing advice on the policy and practices regarding the disbursement of funds for disaster relief and the size of grants made to specific recipients, and monitoring the use of grants. The membership of the Committee in 2020-21 is at *Annex A*.

^[1] The Director of Audit submits a report on the accounts of the HKSAR Government to LegCo every year. The accounts of the Fund are included in the report.

WORK IN 2020-21

Processing of Grant Applications

5. To ensure fair and objective assessment on funding applications, the Committee has devised a set of guidelines and conditions for approving grants. These guidelines and conditions are at *Annex B*. In 2020-21, 25 funding applications^[2](18 in 2019-20^[3]) were received from relief organisations. Among them, 24 applications (18 in 2019-20) were approved and one was withdrawn by the organisation. During the reporting period, grants totalling \$72.47 million (\$66.78 million in 2019-20) were granted to eight organisations (nine in 2019-20) to conduct relief programmes in five geographical regions (seven in 2019-20) and the estimated number of beneficiaries was around 610 000 (around 470 000 in 2019-20). The eight organisations which successfully applied for funding were Amity Foundation, Hong Kong (four programmes), Oxfam Hong Kong (four programmes), Plan International Hong Kong (four programmes), World Vision Hong Kong (four programmes), Adventist Development and Relief Agency China (Hong Kong) (two programmes), Habitat for Humanity Hong Kong (two programmes), Hong Kong Red Cross (two programmes) and Save the Children Hong Kong (two programmes).

6. A summary of the relief programmes with grants approved is as follows -

<u>Relief programmes for</u>	<u>Total amount of grants</u> (\$ million)
* cyclone victims in West Bengal State and Odisha State, India (six programmes)	25.59
* cyclone and flood victims in Bangladesh (six programmes)	18.32
* flood victims in the Mainland of China (five programmes) ^[2]	12.71

^[2] Including three applications submitted under the Fast-track Mechanism for Funding Applications, i.e. for the relief of flood victims in the Mainland of China (two applications) and typhoon victims in the Philippines (one application) respectively.

^[3] No application was received under the Fast-track Mechanism for Funding Applications in 2019-20.

<u>Relief programmes for</u>	<u>Total amount of grants</u> (\$ million)
* typhoon victims in the Philippines (five programmes) ^[2]	10.22
* flood victims in Vietnam (two programmes)	5.63

Of the programmes approved, 58.33% (14 programmes) were for the relief of cyclone or typhoon victims and 41.67% (ten programmes) were for the relief of flood victims. Of the grants approved, 82.47% (\$59.76 million) were used for relief programmes in Asia (apart from the Mainland of China), and the remaining 17.53% (\$12.71 million) were used for relief programmes in the Mainland of China. A list of programmes with approved grants, related photographs and statistics are at *Annex C*.

Application Processing Time

7. Grants are made from the Fund to provide swift response to international appeals for humanitarian aid for relief to disasters that occur outside Hong Kong. From receipt of full information from the applicant to giving notification of the result, the target time for processing funding applications submitted under the conventional mechanism is within 12 working days and for those submitted under the Fast-track Mechanism for Funding Applications (“Fast-track Mechanism”) is within three working days. In 2020-21, all applications were processed within the target timeline. The average processing time of the three applications submitted under the Fast-track Mechanism was two working days, whereas that for the remaining 21 applications submitted under the conventional mechanism was nine working days.

Monitoring the Use of Grants

8. The Committee has adopted the following measures to monitor the use of grants -

- (a) the relief organisation is required to lay down a relief schedule setting out, among other things, the commencement and completion dates of a programme, and report to the Secretariat of the Committee (“the Secretariat”) the critical programme

milestones within one month from the respective scheduled dates;

- (b) if the relief organisation has made specific minor variations to an approved relief programme with its delegated authority^[4], it is required to notify the Committee within one month from the effective date of the variations;
- (c) save for the minor variations mentioned in (b) above, should there be signs of deviation from the approved targets (such as the schedule, relief location and type of relief items), the relief organisation is required to obtain prior approval from the Committee;
- (d) the relief organisation is required to obtain at least three quotations in each procurement exercise to ensure proper use of funding for procuring relief items and the procedures should be conducted in a fair and open manner;
- (e) overheads or other administrative costs of the relief programme borne by the relief organisation should not exceed 5% of the grant or 5% of the total expenditure, whichever is less. Such expenditures should not be used to support the daily operation of the organisation;
- (f) the relief organisation is required to display prominently the message that the relief items are “Funded by the Government of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region” or “Funded by the Disaster Relief Fund, Government of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region”, and provide photographs in the evaluation report as proof of compliance with this requirement;
- (g) the relief organisation is required to submit an evaluation report and an audited account within six months upon

^[4] Relief organisations are allowed to make minor variations to (including increasing or reshuffling) the number of beneficiaries, quantities of relief items and the budget for individual spending items as authorised, provided that there is no change to the approved grant amount and the total number of beneficiaries will not be reduced. Any increase in the number of beneficiaries and quantities of relief items should not exceed 20% of their original targets. The level of change for the budget of individual spending items will not be capped.

completion of the relief programme. The evaluation report submitted should give an overall assessment of the programme targets (including the number of beneficiaries and the time needed for delivery of emergency relief). The evaluation report and the audited account are examined by the Secretariat before submitting to the Committee for information. The Audit Commission will also inspect the evaluation report and the audited account during the annual audit exercise to ensure that the relief programme is conducted according to the funding requirements;

- (h) the relief organisation is required to provide information in the application to confirm that it has established a code of conduct, disciplinary procedures, recruitment vetting and reporting system to guard against and handle staff misconduct cases properly. In the event of any incident detrimental to the beneficiaries and the Fund, such as sexual harassment or exploitation, abuse, fraud and improper use of the grant, the organisation shall, within two weeks upon such incident coming to its knowledge, provide a brief report to the Secretariat on, inter alia, the nature of the incident and actions taken; and
- (i) if a relief organisation commits a serious violation of grant conditions, it must submit a concrete improvement proposal (e.g. review the relief organisation's implementation procedures and monitoring measures of the relief programme) in addition to providing explanation of the circumstances. The Secretariat will make recommendations according to individual circumstances for the Committee to consider whether further action is required. When processing the relief organisation's future funding applications, the Secretariat will make recommendations for the Committee's consideration based on the organisation's non-compliance record in the past three financial years.

9. To promote public understanding of and confidence in the Fund's monitoring of the use of grants, the Committee decided to upload the prevailing monitoring measures onto the Fund's website to enhance the transparency of the mechanism and facilitate public access to the

relevant information.

Processing Applications for Programme Variations

10. From receipt of full information from the applicant to giving notification of the result, the target processing time is within eight working days for a major variation application^[5] and within three working days for a minor variation application^[6]. In 2020-21, apart from 15 notifications of minor variations effected by relief organisations themselves under their delegated authority, the Committee received 11 minor variation applications. All such applications were processed within the target timeline and the average processing time was two working days. Since the designated purpose of the grants remained unchanged and the variations were justifiable, all these applications were approved. All the 15 notifications of minor variation cases effected by the organisations under delegated authority fulfilled the requirement of not exceeding the 20% variation limit. The Committee did not receive any application for major variation in 2020-21.

Evaluation Reports and Audited Accounts from Grant Recipients

11. The Secretariat received and examined a total of 17 evaluation reports with their audited accounts in respect of completed programmes due for submission in 2020-21 (including 13 reports on grants approved in 2019-20), and submitted them to the Committee for information. All these reports were accepted for having met the prescribed targets^[7] as follows -

- (a) use of grants – all grants were used for the approved purposes and in compliance with the condition that not more than 5% of an individual grant or total expenditure (whichever is less) should be used to cover overheads or other administrative costs. Among the 17 completed relief programmes, 14 recorded a balance of unused grants totalling about \$1.73 million

^[5] Applications for major variations include decreasing the number of beneficiaries and changing the targeted localities/types of relief items/beneficiary target groups.

^[6] Applications for minor variations, which include increasing the number of beneficiaries and/or quantities of relief items by more than 20% and extending the project completion date while the total grant amount remains unchanged, will be processed by the Secretariat.

^[7] Including the targets which were prescribed in the guidelines and conditions for the approved grants, but were subsequently revised according to the prevailing mechanism due to changes in circumstances.

(accounting for 3.3% of the total grants for the programmes) which were returned to the Fund;

- (b) number of beneficiaries – all the 17 relief programmes met the target in terms of the target number of beneficiaries^[7] and provided emergency relief to some 480 000 victims in aggregate. The relief items received by the beneficiaries under these programmes included food (such as rice, flour, potatoes, instant noodles, cooking oil, beans and seasonings), blankets/quilts, floor mats/sleeping mats, mosquito nets, kitchenware, lighting tools, water filters, water purification tablets, oral rehydration salts, hygiene items, household items, clothing, temporary shelter materials and tools as well as emergency latrine kits; and
- (c) timely completion of the programmes – all relief programmes were delivered according to the approved schedules^[8].

The annual audit of the Fund conducted by the Audit Commission included auditing the accounts and operation of the Fund as well as these reports. All the evaluation reports and audited accounts had been duly completed in accordance with the funding requirements. The audited accounts had also passed the Audit Commission's annual inspection.

12. With regard to programmes approved in 2020-21 with evaluation reports and audited accounts due for submission in 2021-22, the Secretariat will closely monitor the situation and thoroughly examine the relevant documents on receipt before submitting them to the Committee for information. The outcome of such examination will be stated in the next annual report of the Fund.

Reviewing the Implementation and Effectiveness of the Enhancement Measures of the Fund

13. In 2020-21, the Committee reviewed the implementation and effectiveness of the following three measures for enhancing the processing of funding applications and variation applications.

^[8] Including revised target completion dates subsequently approved.

Target Time for Processing Funding Applications

14. Despite the upward trend in both the average number of grants and amounts of grants approved by the Fund to relief organisations^[9] and the increasing number of applications requiring longer processing time^[10] in recent years, all applications were processed within the target time of 12 working days. The Committee considered it necessary to allow for flexibility and hence decided that the existing target for processing of funding applications submitted under the conventional mechanism should be maintained (i.e. within 12 working days). As for funding applications submitted under the Fast-track Mechanism, since its implementation in 2016, the actual processing time for approved applications has ranged from one to three working days, which is in line with the expectations of establishing the mechanism. The Committee decided to set the target processing time for funding applications submitted under the Fast-track Mechanism to be within three working days, and to incorporate this target in the performance pledge.

Target Time for Processing Applications for Programme Variations

15. Under the existing system on programme variations, applications for major variations^[5] have to be approved by the Committee in the form of circulation of discussion papers prepared by the Secretariat, whereas applications for minor variations^[6] will be handled by the Secretariat. From receipt of full information from a relief organisation to giving notification of result, the target processing time for applications for major variations and minor variations is within eight and three working days respectively. In the past three financial years, all such applications received from the relief organisations were processed by the Committee and the Secretariat within the target timeline. In view of the upward trend in both the average number of grants and amounts of grants approved by the Fund in recent years, the Committee decided to maintain the processing time targets to allow for flexibility.

^[9] An average of 16.8 applications for grants amounting to \$41.912 million have been approved by the Fund each year since its establishment in 1993. Over the past three financial years, the average increases in approved number of applications and amounts of approved grants were 23.2% (20.7 applications) and 56.4% (\$65.549 million) respectively. The average grant amount for each application has also increased by 35.1% from \$2.521 million to \$3.406 million.

^[10] There was an upward trend in the number of applications that required nine to ten working days for processing over the past three financial years, i.e. one application in 2017-18, three in 2018-19 and six in 2019-20.

Minor Variations Made by Relief Organisations under Delegated Authority

16. According to the existing arrangement, relief organisations are allowed to make minor variations to (including increasing or reshuffling) the number of beneficiaries, quantities of relief items and the budget for individual spending items under delegated authority, provided that the approved grant amount remains unchanged and the total number of beneficiaries will not be reduced. Any increase in the number of beneficiaries and quantities of relief items should not exceed 20% of their original targets. Cases in the past three financial years mainly concerned increases in the total number of beneficiaries and/or quantities of relief items caused by lower-than-estimated procurement costs, with an average increase of 9.7%. In all these cases, no variation exceeded the 20% limit. Overall speaking, the arrangement has been operated smoothly. The Committee also reviewed the 20% limit of minor variations effected by relief organisations. In view of the wide difference in the magnitude of variations in respect of cases processed by the Secretariat over the past three financial years, ranging from 20.8% to 133% with an average of 39.3%, the Committee agreed that such variation cases should continue to be handled by the Secretariat, and to be approved after detailed examination and consideration of the reasons and the justifications. Since the existing arrangement enables relief organisations to respond swiftly to the changing circumstances in the areas affected by the disaster and provide victims with prompt and appropriate assistance, the Committee decided that the arrangement and the 20% variation limit be maintained.

GRANTS APPROVED SINCE ESTABLISHMENT OF THE FUND

17. From the establishment of the Fund to 31 March 2021, the Committee received a cumulative total of 548 applications by relief organisations for grants from the Fund. Of this total, 461 (84.12%) applications for grants amounting to \$1,162 million were approved. For the remaining 87 applications, 61 (11.13%) were rejected for non-compliance with the guidelines for grants and 26 (4.74%) withdrawn by the organisations. In addition, 22 grants amounting to \$995 million were made to governments/authorities outside Hong Kong. In overall terms, 18 organisations and nine governments/authorities had received grants

totalling \$2,157 million from the Fund. The beneficiary geographical regions covered different places in Asia as well as other places in Africa, Europe, Latin America and Oceania. Of the programmes approved on the advice of the Committee, most were for the relief of victims of floods, followed by earthquakes/tsunamis, typhoons/cyclones/hurricanes, droughts/famines and snowstorms.

**Disaster Relief Fund Advisory Committee Secretariat
March 2022**

Disaster Relief Fund Advisory Committee
Membership in 2020-21
2020-21 年度賑災基金諮詢委員會
成員名單

Chairman 主席

Chief Secretary for Administration
政務司司長

) *ex-officio*
) 當然委任

Members 委員

Executive Council Members 行政會議成員

The Honourable IP Kwok-him, GBM, GBS, JP
葉國謙議員, 大紫荊勳賢, GBS, JP

Dr the Honourable LAM Ching-choi, SBS, JP
林正財議員, SBS, JP

Legislative Council Members 立法會成員

The Honourable Kenneth LAU Ip-keung, BBS, MH, JP
劉業強議員, BBS, MH, JP

Dr the Honourable Helena WONG Pik-wan
黃碧雲議員
(*up to 30 November 2020*)
(至二零二零年十一月三十日止)

The Honourable LAU Kwok-fan, MH, JP
劉國勳議員, MH, JP
(*from 16 December 2020 onwards*)
(由二零二零年十二月十六日起)

Other Members 其他成員

Dr TIK Chi-yuen, SBS, JP
狄志遠博士, SBS, JP
(up to 31 December 2020)
(至二零二零年十二月三十一日止)

Mrs Ann KUNG YEUNG Yun-chi, JP
龔楊恩慈女士, JP

Professor Emily CHAN Ying-yang
陳英凝教授
(from 1 January 2021 onwards)
(由二零二一年一月一日起)

Secretary for Financial Services and the Treasury or
representative) *ex-officio*
財經事務及庫務局局長或代表) 當然委任

Secretary for Labour and Welfare or representative) *ex-officio*
勞工及福利局局長或代表) 當然委任

Secretary 秘書

Chief Executive Officer (Administration)1 / Administration Wing
總行政主任(行政)1 / 行政署

**Guidelines for Grants from the Disaster Relief Fund
(March 2016)**

I. Coverage

- (1) Grants should only be made in cases of a specific disaster¹, not an on-going problem².
- (2) Grants should only be made in cases of disasters of such nature and scale that stimulate a response by the international community.
- (3) The relief support should be confined to time-critical response in the emergency context.

II. Assessment of Proposals

- (4) Grants should be made in response to-
 - (a) an appeal made to the international community by a government or a relief organisation for disaster relief aid in the country or locality concerned; or
 - (b) an application submitted by a locally registered relief organisation³ for a disaster relief project being or to be carried out by the organisation. Retroactive funding is not supported.
- (5) The appeal/application should be based on humanitarian grounds. Political considerations will not be taken into account.
- (6) The appeal/application should have received a measure of public support in Hong Kong.
- (7) Any application by a relief organisation should be supported by a proposal outlining the nature and scale of the aid project, the number and type of beneficiaries and the size of grant required.

¹ Including natural disasters and non-natural catastrophes, e.g. explosion of nuclear/chemical facilities and terrorist attacks causing substantial damages and casualties.

² Such as refugee problems, wars or post-disaster rehabilitation/reconstruction.

³ The relief organisation should be a charitable organisation exempted from tax under Section 88 of the Inland Revenue Ordinance, Cap. 112.

- (8) The relief organisation should have demonstrated a sound track record in providing similar types of disaster relief services and activities.
- (9) The size of the grant should be sufficient to make an impact.
- (10) When there is more than one application of a similar nature and for the same disaster, regard should be given to the likely number of beneficiaries, the promptness with which the relief may be provided and the nature of the relief to be provided.

III. Conditions of Grant

- (11) Individual grants should take the form of one-off cash payments.
- (12) The grant should be given to the government concerned or to a reputable relief organisation in the field.
- (13) Up to 5% of the grant may be used to cover overheads or other administrative costs. The rest should be spent entirely on disaster relief services and activities.
- (14) The government/relief organisation concerned should be required to submit an evaluation report and/or an audited account as appropriate to the Government of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region on the use of the grant within a specified period.

DISASTER RELIEF FUND
GRANTS APPROVED IN 2020-21

賑災基金
2020-21年度批出款項

	Applicant 申請機構	Date of Approval 撥款日期	Beneficiaries 受惠人士	Nature of Programme 項目內容	Relief Areas 賑災地區	Grant Approved 批出款項 (Smillion 百萬元) <i>Rounded to two decimal places</i> 約至小數點後兩個位
1	Amity Foundation, Hong Kong 愛德基金會(香港)	23.6.2020	Flood victims 水災災民	Rice, cooking oil and instant noodles 食米、食用油及即食麵	The Mainland of China - Guangxi Zhuang Autonomous Region 中國內地 - 廣西壯族自治區	0.55 <u>Note</u> 註
2	Oxfam Hong Kong 樂施會	23.6.2020	Flood victims 水災災民	Rice and cooking oil 食米及食用油	The Mainland of China - Guangxi Zhuang Autonomous Region 中國內地 - 廣西壯族自治區	0.55 <u>Note</u> 註
3	Oxfam Hong Kong 樂施會	10.7.2020	Cyclone victims 風災災民	Household & shelter kits and hygiene kits 家庭用品及臨時居所包和衛生包	India - West Bengal State 印度 - 西孟加拉邦	6.40
4	Adventist Development and Relief Agency China (Hong Kong) 安澤中國(香港)救援協會	10.7.2020	Cyclone victims 風災災民	Household & shelter kits and hygiene kits 家庭用品及臨時居所包和衛生包	India - West Bengal State 印度 - 西孟加拉邦	1.90
5	Plan International Hong Kong 國際培幼會(香港)	10.7.2020	Cyclone victims 風災災民	Food kits, household & shelter kits, water kits, kitchen kits and hygiene kits 糧食包、家庭用品及臨時居所包、食水包、廚 具包和衛生包	India - West Bengal State 印度 - 西孟加拉邦	3.82
6	Adventist Development and Relief Agency China (Hong Kong) 安澤中國(香港)救援協會	20.7.2020	Cyclone victims 風災災民	Food kits, household & shelter kits 糧食包和家庭用品及臨時居所包	Bangladesh 孟加拉	1.95
7	Plan International Hong Kong 國際培幼會(香港)	20.7.2020	Cyclone victims 風災災民	Household kits 家庭用品包	Bangladesh 孟加拉	1.90
8	Oxfam Hong Kong 樂施會	20.7.2020	Cyclone victims 風災災民	Food Kits, hygiene kits and shelter kits 糧食包、衛生包和臨時居所包	Bangladesh 孟加拉	5.42
9	Habitat for Humanity Hong Kong 香港仁人家園	27.7.2020	Cyclone victims 風災災民	Hygiene kits, household kits and shelter kits 衛生包、家庭用品包和臨時居所包	India - West Bengal State 印度 - 西孟加拉邦	5.10
10	Save the Children Hong Kong 香港救助兒童會	27.7.2020	Cyclone victims 風災災民	Hygiene kits, household & shelter kits and education kits 衛生包、家庭用品及臨時居所包和學習用品包	India - West Bengal State and Odisha State 印度 - 西孟加拉邦及 奧里薩邦	4.52
11	World Vision Hong Kong 香港世界宣明會	27.7.2020	Cyclone victims 風災災民	Hygiene kits, household kits, shelter kits and food kits 衛生包、家庭用品包、臨時居所包和糧食包	India - West Bengal State 印度 - 西孟加拉邦	3.86
12	Amity Foundation, Hong Kong 愛德基金會(香港)	11.8.2020	Flood victims 水災災民	Rice, cooking oil and quilts 食米、食用油和棉被	The Mainland of China - Hunan, Guizhou, Yunnan and Anhui Provinces 中國內地 - 湖南、貴 州、雲南及安徽	5.80
13	World Vision Hong Kong 香港世界宣明會	11.8.2020	Flood victims 水災災民	Rice, quilts and household kits 食米、棉被和家庭用品包	The Mainland of China - Jiangxi Province 中國內地 - 江西	4.16
14	Amity Foundation, Hong Kong 愛德基金會(香港)	7.9.2020	Flood victims 水災災民	Rice and cooking oil 食米和食用油	The Mainland of China - Jiangxi Province 中國內地 - 江西	1.65

	Applicant 申請機構	Date of Approval 撥款日期	Beneficiaries 受惠人士	Nature of Programme 項目內容	Relief Areas 賑災地區	Grant Approved 批出款項 (Smillion 百萬元) Rounded to two decimal places 約至小數點後兩個位
15	World Vision Hong Kong 香港世界宣明會	16.9.2020	Flood victims 水災災民	Food kits and hygiene kits 糧食包和衛生包	Bangladesh 孟加拉	2.97
16	Habitat for Humanity Hong Kong 香港仁人家園	16.9.2020	Flood victims 水災災民	Hygiene kits, shelter kits and household kits 衛生包、臨時居所包和家庭用品包	Bangladesh 孟加拉	3.85
17	Hong Kong Red Cross 香港紅十字會	15.10.2020	Flood victims 水災災民	Food kits and hygiene kits 糧食包和衛生包	Bangladesh 孟加拉	2.22
18	Amity Foundation, Hong Kong 愛德基金會(香港)	27.11.2020	Typhoon victims 風災災民	Bottled water, rice, beans, milk powder, assorted canned food and instant noodles 食水、食米、豆、奶粉、罐頭食品及即食麵	The Philippines 菲律賓	0.53 <u>Note 註</u>
19	Plan International Hong Kong 國際培幼會(香港)	30.12.2020	Flood victims 水災災民	Food kits 糧食包	Vietnam 越南	1.94
20	World Vision Hong Kong 香港世界宣明會	30.12.2020	Flood victims 水災災民	Food kits, hygiene kits and household kits 糧食包、衛生包和家庭用品包	Vietnam 越南	3.69
21	Oxfam Hong Kong 樂施會	25.1.2021	Typhoon victims 風災災民	Hygiene & water kits and household & shelter kits 衛生及淨水物資包和家庭用品及臨時居所包	The Philippines 菲律賓	2.61
22	Plan International Hong Kong 國際培幼會(香港)	25.1.2021	Typhoon victims 風災災民	Hygiene kits and household kits 衛生包和家庭用品包	The Philippines 菲律賓	1.95
23	Hong Kong Red Cross 香港紅十字會	25.1.2021	Typhoon victims 風災災民	Shelter kits 臨時居所包	The Philippines 菲律賓	1.82
24	Save the Children Hong Kong 香港救助兒童會	25.1.2021	Typhoon victims 風災災民	Hygiene & water kits, household kits and education kits 衛生及淨水物資包、家庭用品包和學習用品包	The Philippines 菲律賓	3.31
Note 註 Approved under the Fast-track Mechanism for Funding Applications 經快速審批撥款申請機制審批					Grand Total 總數	72.47

**DISASTER RELIEF FUND
PHOTOGRAPHS OF PROGRAMMES APPROVED IN 2020-21**

**賑災基金
2020-21 年度獲撥款賑災計劃的相片**

Cyclone in India 印度風災



As the affected area was remote and non-accessible by ground transportation, the relief organisation transported the relief items by boats to the cyclone victims.
由於災區地點偏遠及陸路交通受阻，救援機構使用船隻運載救援物資予風災災民。



During the COVID-19 pandemic, proper social distancing and precautionary measures were implemented by the relief organisation.

Beneficiaries lined up in an orderly manner to collect relief items.
在 2019 冠狀病毒病疫情期間，救援機構實行社交距離及防疫措施。
受惠災民有秩序地領取救援物資。



Beneficiaries used the materials and tools in the kits distributed to build temporary shelters.
受惠災民運用物資包內的物料及工具搭建臨時居所。

Flood and cyclone in Bangladesh 孟加拉水災及風災



Pre-packed relief kits were stored in the warehouse temporarily before distribution.
在派發救援物資前，救援機構把預先包裝好的物資暫時存放在倉庫內。



During the COVID-19 pandemic, beneficiaries had to clean hands before entering the distribution centre.

在 2019 冠狀病毒病疫情期間，受惠災民於進入救援物資派發地點前須先清潔雙手。



At the distribution site, beneficiaries were required to verify their identities before receiving the relief items.
在救援物資派發地點，受惠災民須在接收物資前核實身分。



The relief organisation interviewed beneficiaries to collect feedback after the distribution of relief items.

救援機構在派發救援物資後訪問受惠災民，收集意見。

Flood in the Mainland of China 中國內地水災



Through the Fast-track Mechanism for Funding Applications, the relief organisation received a grant to provide rice, cooking oil and instant noodle to flood victims at the early stage of the disaster.

救援機構透過「快速審批撥款申請機制」獲得撥款，在災難初期向水災災民提供食米、食油及即食麵。



Lists of beneficiaries with distribution details were displayed on the notice board at the affected area before distribution.

在派發救援物資前，受惠名單及物資分發詳情已張貼在災區的告示板上。



The staff of the relief organisation inspected the quality of relief items, including rice, cooking oil and quilts.

救援機構人員檢查救援物資的質素，包括食米、食用油及棉被。

Typhoon in the Philippines 菲律賓風災



The relief organisation displayed a banner at the distribution site to show that the relief programme was funded by the Government of Hong Kong Special Administrative Region. 救援機構在救援物資派發地點展示橫額，列明賑災計劃由香港特別行政區政府資助。



With the education kits, children could receive appropriate psychosocial support through participating in learning and social activities. Each kit contained exercise books, pencils, a sharpener, an eraser, a ruler and a backpack, etc.

學習用品包可讓兒童透過參與學習和社交活動獲得適當的心理社會支援。
學習用品包內有練習簿、鉛筆、鉛筆刨、橡皮、尺子及書包等物資。



The relief organisation briefed beneficiaries on the contents of the hygiene and water kits. Each kit contained bath towels, antiseptic liquid, jerry can and water disinfectant solution, etc.

救援機構向受惠災民簡介衛生及淨水物資包的內容。
每個物資包內有毛巾、消毒藥水、水罐及食水消毒劑等。

Flood in Vietnam 越南水災



During the COVID-19 pandemic, beneficiaries are required to go through body temperature checks before entering the distribution sites.
在 2019 冠狀病毒病疫情期間，受惠災民於進入救援物資派發地點前須量度體溫。



Beneficiaries received food kits which contained rice, sticky rice, cooking oil, fish sauce, sugar, iodised salt and peanuts.
受惠災民獲派發糧食包，
每個物資包內有食米、糯米、食用油、魚露、糖、碘鹽及花生。

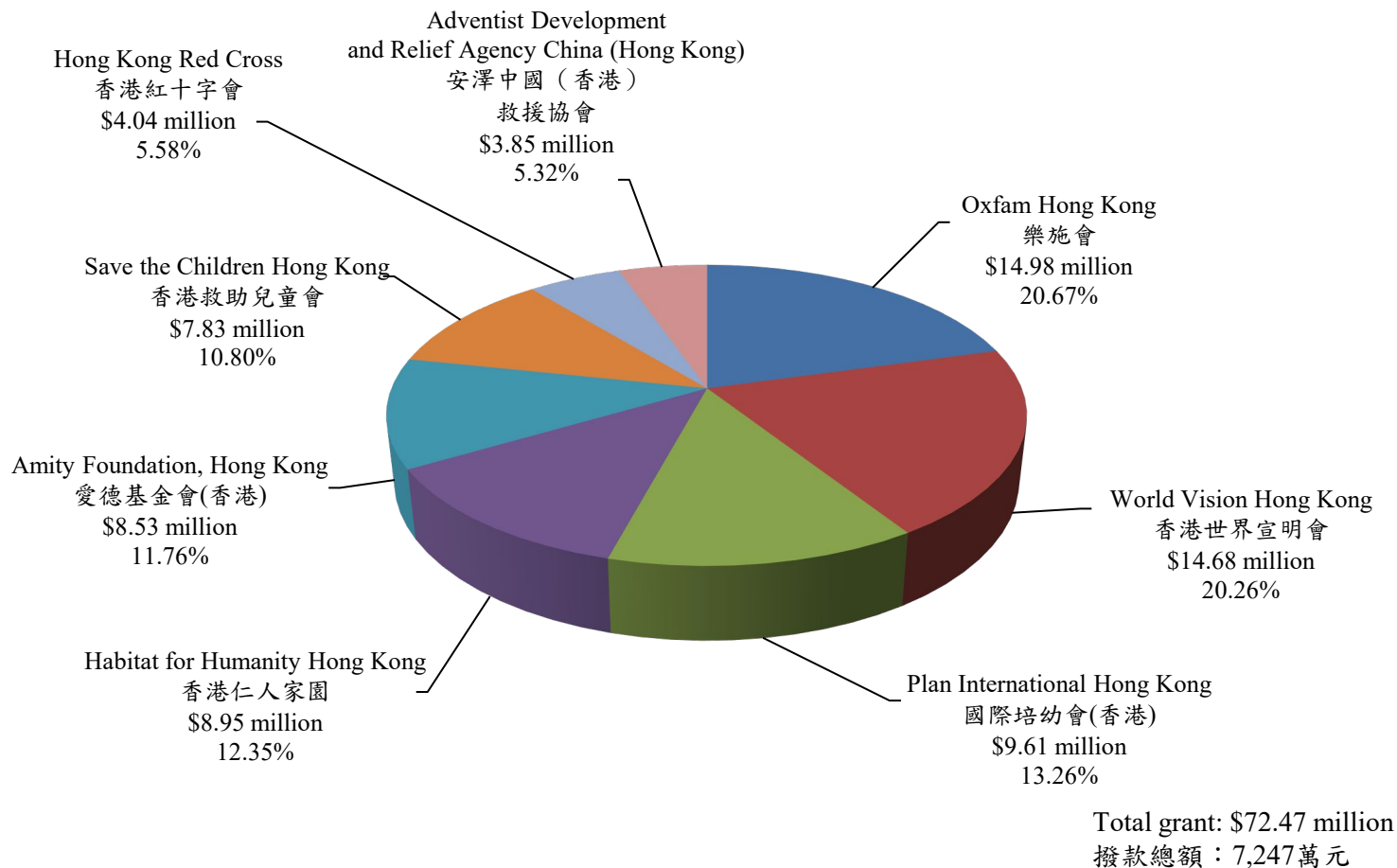


An information desk was set up at the distribution site to provide assistance to beneficiaries and collect their feedback.
救援機構在救援物資派發地點設立詢問處，為受惠災民提供協助及收集意見。

**DISASTER RELIEF FUND
DISTRIBUTION OF GRANTS BY RECIPIENT IN 2020-21**

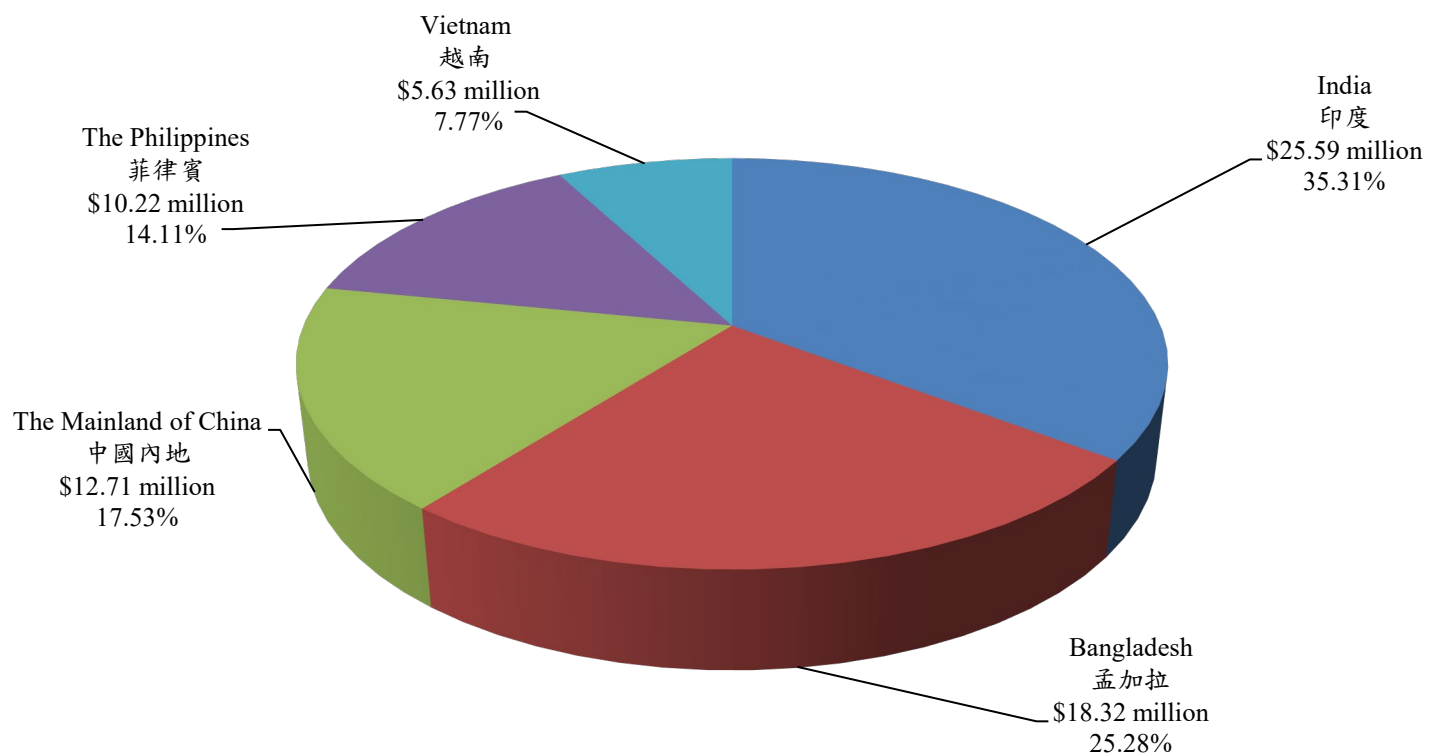
賑災基金

2020-21年度按獲撥款機構劃分的撥款



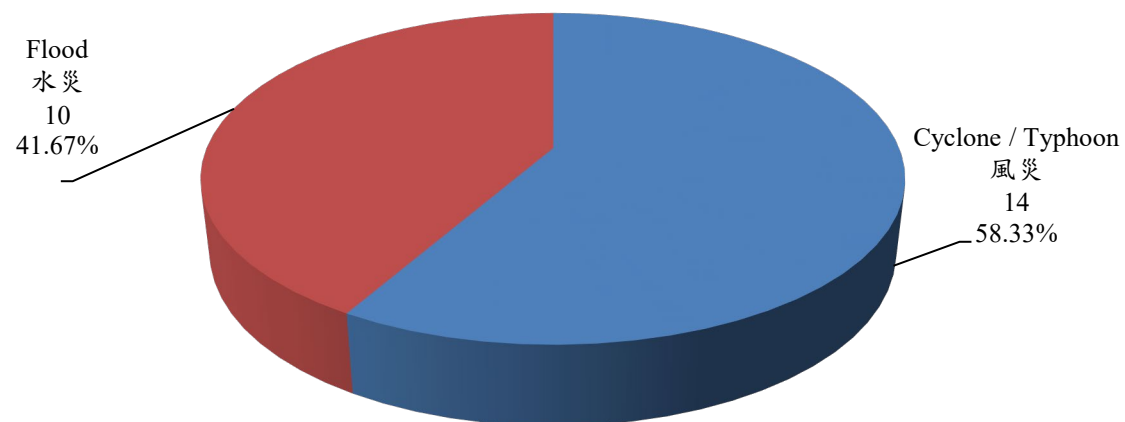
**DISASTER RELIEF FUND
DISTRIBUTION OF GRANTS BY GEOGRAPHICAL REGIONS IN 2020-21**

**賑災基金
2020-21年度接受助地區劃分的撥款**



Total grant: \$72.47 million
撥款總額：7,247 萬元

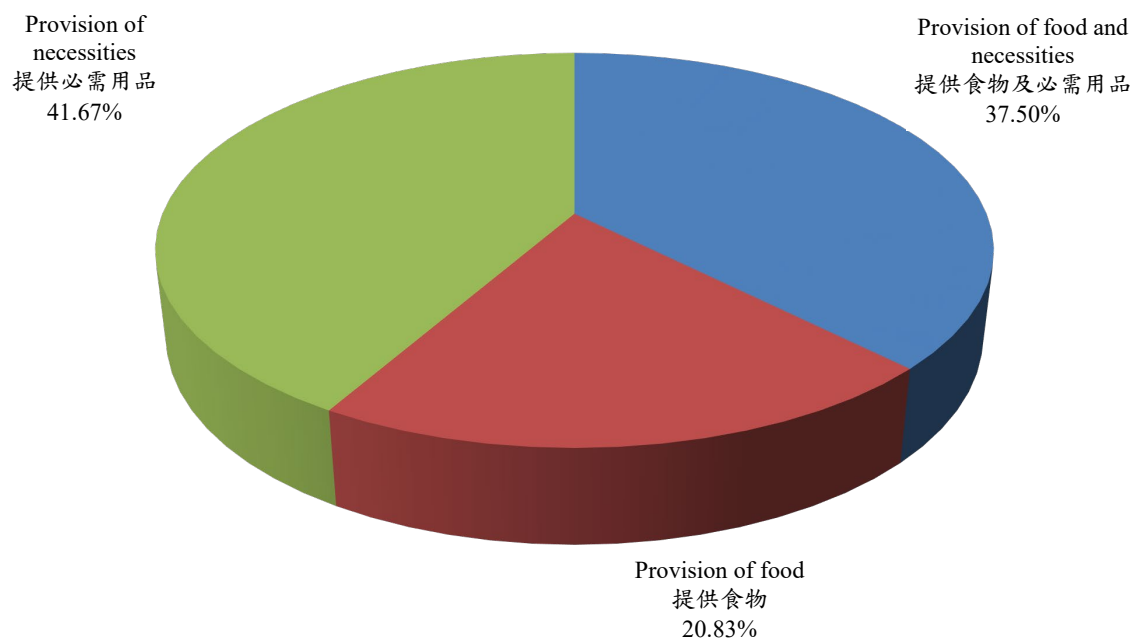
DISASTER RELIEF FUND
NUMBER OF PROGRAMMES APPROVED BY NATURE OF DISASTER IN 2020-21
賑災基金
2020-21年度按災禍類別劃分的撥款



Total number of grants 撥款項目總數：24

DISASTER RELIEF FUND
NATURE OF PROGRAMMES APPROVED IN 2020-21

賑災基金
2020-21年度獲撥款賑災計劃的項目內容



Total number of grants 撥款項目總數：24

Food items include rice, instant noodle, flour, cooking oil, beans, milk powder, sugar and salt etc.
食物包括食米、即食麵、麵粉、食用油、豆、奶粉、糖及鹽等。

Necessities include tarpaulins, ground sheets, mosquito nets, quilts, clothing, bedding items, hygiene items, household items, kitchen utensils, disinfection items, oral rehydration salts, water filters, water purification materials, education kits, as well as temporary shelter materials and tools, etc.
必需用品包括防水帆布、地墊、蚊帳、棉被、衣服、寢具用品、衛生用品、家庭用品、廚具、消毒用品、口服電解劑、濾水器、淨水物資、學習用品包，以及搭建臨時居所的物料和工具等。